

2024-2025 学年八年级英语下册

完形填空（15 空）15 篇

江苏期中真题+名校模拟

（23-24 八年级下·江苏徐州·期中）根据短文内容，从各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中选出最佳选项。

Have you ever asked 1 why children go to school? You may 2 they go to learn Chinese, Art, History, Science and all other 3. But why do they learn these things? We send our children to school to prepare them for the time 4 they grow up and begin to work for themselves. Nearly everything they study 5 has some practical use in their life. But is that the 6 reason why they go to school?

There is more in education than just 7 facts. We go to school above all to learn 8, so that we can 9 to learn when we have left school. A man who really knows how to learn will always be 10, because whenever he has to do 11 that he has never done, he will rapidly teach himself how to do it in the best 12.

The uneducated person, on the other hand, either 13 to do something new, or does it 14. The purpose of school, therefore, is 15 to teach Chinese, Maths, Geography, etc., but to teach students the way to learn as well.

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|----------------------|---------------------|-------------------------|-----------------|
| 1. A. yourself | B. your children | C. the parents | D. the teachers |
| 2. A. speak | B. tell | C. say | D. talk |
| 3. A. matters | B. subjects | C. majors | D. objects |
| 4. A. while | B. when | C. which | D. where |
| 5. A. at home | B. at work | C. at the factory | D. at school |
| 6. A. only | B. nearly | C. lonely | D. lovely |
| 7. A. getting | B. looking | C. learning | D. watching |
| 8. A. what to learn | B. how to learn | C. which to learn | D. why to learn |
| 9. A. make | B. keep | C. start | D. continue |
| 10. A. serious | B. interesting | C. boring | D. successful |
| 11. A. something new | B. anything unusual | C. everything important | D. nothing hard |
| 12. A. road | B. way | C. team | D. pattern |
| 13. A. is able | B. is unable | C. has | D. wants |
| 14. A. badly | B. well | C. bad | D. good |
| 15. A. also | B. never | C. not only | D. just |

(23-24 八年级下·江苏徐州·期中) 阅读短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选择最佳选项。

A 3-year-old boy went missing on the afternoon of Friday, March 29th, together with his two dogs. 1, he was found safe the next day.

Xiaolin, lived with his grandparents in a village in Shanxi Province. On March 29th, he was playing happily outside his house with the 2 when his grandmother was inside the house. She would go out to check on the safety of the boy 3. But when she went out at about 2 p. m, she couldn't find her grandson 4. The two dogs got lost 5. In fear, the family started 6 him right away.

After searching three hours without result, the family called the local 7. More than 100 villagers and policemen joined the searching team. They did not have any idea about where Xiaolin was 8 the evening of Friday, when one of the family's dogs came back home. The second dog 9 the next morning. This gave the searching team a new 10. Following the dog's footprint, a villager in the searching team found Xiaolin around noon on 11 on a nearby mountain.

Seeing the boy, the family hugged him and cried with 12. The boy was dirty and hungry, but was in good 13. The place where Xiaolin was found was about 4 kilometers away from his grandparents' house, and was very 14 to find. The family were very thankful. It was also 15 that one of the dogs stayed with the boy overnight. Dogs are really great guards (守卫) and they are our important family members.

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|-------------------|----------------------|-----------------|------------------|
| 1. A. Luckily | B. Recently | C. Exactly | D. Suddenly |
| 2. A. parents | B. two dogs | C. birds | D. teachers |
| 3. A. at last | B. from time to time | C. on the phone | D. at the end |
| 4. A. somewhere | B. anywhere | C. something | D. anything |
| 5. A. too | B. well | C. either | D. ever |
| 6. A. leaving for | B. asking for | C. waiting for | D. searching for |
| 7. A. doctors | B. police | C. airport | D. school |
| 8. A. until | B. that | C. when | D. why |
| 9. A. returned | B. married | C. gathered | D. relaxed |
| 10. A. direction | B. dream | C. speed | D. office |
| 11. A. Friday | B. Saturday | C. Sunday | D. Monday |

12. A. joy B. accident C. dislike D. confidence
13. A. condition B. habit C. guide D. view
14. A. easy B. quick C. difficult D. perfect
15. A. amazing B. strange C. ugly D. classical

(23-24 八年级下·江苏南通·期中) “I can’t believe what I’m hearing!” I thought to myself. I thought Jeff was the last candidate (候选人) for president of the Students’ Union. My best friend Tony came to me and said, “I’m sorry. I really thought you should be 1 .”

Later that day, I happened to pass Jeff in the school dining hall. I offered him a(an) 2 “congratulations” and walked away to my usual table. To my 3 , Jeff put his plate beside mine.

“I’m, ...er, er—I’m just wondering 4 you would...er...consider (考虑) coming to work on my team,” he said 5 . “You are really smart, and you would be a great partner.”

“I don’t think so,” I replied, feeling 6 .

“Well, if you change your mind, we are meeting tomorrow.”

All that right, I thought about the offer from Jeff. Maybe being a part of the election (选举) process would give me a 7 to make important changes at our school. I decided to join them.

My first goal was to 8 an eye-catching advertisement. Within a few days, we completed a poster with Jeff’s pictures showing him in a number of activities. No one could walk through the hallway 9 noticing Jeff’s smiling face.

My next step was to 10 which new activities students would like to have at our school. Many of them wanted a 11 club.

With the information I had collected, Jeff had a conversation with the headmaster. Soon a volleyball team and a football team were 12 to add to our after-school programme.

Many students said, “It’ll be like attending a new school with Jeff as president of the Students’ Union.”

Hearing these words made my heart filled with a 13 of achievement (成就). I had wanted to become president of the Students’ Union to do things for students myself. Now I’ve achieved that and 14 more by working as a member of Jeff’s team. He’s become the most popular candidate and I am a big part of his success. The fact that it has made a change to other people’s lives is the real 15 . What a great feeling!

1. A. interviewed B. invited C. chosen D. trained

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|------------------|-------------|---------------|----------------|
| 2. A. polite | B. exact | C. basic | D. amazing |
| 3. A. excitement | B. pleasure | C. surprise | D. knowledge |
| 4. A. how | B. if | C. when | D. why |
| 5. A. nervously | B. closely | C. seriously | D. confidently |
| 6. A. impatient | B. tired | C. lonely | D. unsure |
| 7. A. business | B. chance | C. condition | D. magic |
| 8. A. print | B. design | C. donate | D. treat |
| 9. A. through | B. against | C. without | D. except |
| 10. A. cut out | B. hand out | C. run out | D. find out |
| 11. A. sports | B. music | C. chess | D. computer |
| 12. A. checked | B. allowed | C. remembered | D. translated |
| 13. A. direction | B. sense | C. meaning | D. purpose |
| 14. A. even | B. no | C. any | D. further |
| 15. A. secret | B. success | C. power | D. beauty |

(23-24 八年级下·江苏淮安·期中) Have you heard of the *Harry Potter* books? They're a series of novels by J. K. Rowling, a very famous British 1.

Rowling was born in England 2 31 July, 1965. As a child, she often 3 stories and read them to her sister. In 1990, while she was on a train 4 to London, the idea for the first *Harry Potter* story came to her. In 1995, Rowling finished the first *Harry Potter* book, 5 in 2007 she finished the seventh book of the series. That's the last one of the *Harry Potter* series.

The first *Harry Potter* book wasn't 6 in the beginning. When Rowling wanted to publish the story, all the publishing houses in the country 7 it. That was a 8 time for her. But a year 9, a small publishing house in London was willing 10 it.

The *Harry Potter* series 11 a great success so far. The books have been translated into about 70 languages, with sales of over 450 12 copies, in over 200 countries and areas all over the world.

What can we learn from Rowling's story? Nothing is difficult if we try 13 best. Never give up too 14 no matter how many times we fail. Just keep trying 15 we make it.

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|--------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| 1. A. doctor | B. artist | C. writer | D. dancer |
|--------------|-----------|-----------|-----------|

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|----------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|
| 2. A. on | B. in | C. at | D. with |
| 3. A. writes | B. wrote | C. told | D. tells |
| 4. A. vacation | B. travelling | C. holiday | D. trip |
| 5. A. or | B. but | C. and | D. as |
| 6. A. success | B. successful | C. succeed | D. successfully |
| 7. A. refused | B. loved | C. wanted | D. enjoyed |
| 8. A. easy | B. happy | C. pleasant | D. difficult |
| 9. A. early | B. earlier | C. late | D. later |
| 10. A. accept | B. accepts | C. to accept | D. accepting |
| 11. A. is | B. was | C. has been | D. will be |
| 12. A. million | B. millions | C. million of | D. millions of |
| 13. A. your | B. us | C. our | D. ourselves |
| 14. A. easy | B. easily | C. easier | D. more easily |
| 15. A. if | B. so | C. until | D. for |

(23-24 八年级下·江苏淮安·期中) After our ship crashed against the rocks, I swam as far as I could. By the time I finally felt the land under my feet, I was too 1. I fell down on the beach and went to 2.

I woke up as the sun was rising, but I found I 3 move. My arms, legs and hair were tied to the ground!

Then I felt 4 on my leg. It moved up over my stomach and neck 5 it was standing near my face. I looked down and saw a very 6 man. He was the same size as my little finger! 7 was I? Who was this tiny person?

Soon more small men started 8 all over me. There were around 40 of them. I shouted at them—the loud 9 made them all fall over. However, they soon got up again and continued moving 10 my body.

One of these small men began 11 with me, but I could not understand him. I did not know what to say 12. I tried to pull one hand free and finally 13 to break the ropes. When I lifted my left hand into the air, the small men began to shout. I 14 and saw a huge army of tiny people. They were coming straight towards me. “I must run away from them,” I thought, 15, I did not know how to get away.

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|-------------|-----------|------------|----------|
| 1. A. happy | B. afraid | C. relaxed | D. tired |
| 2. A. eat | B. work | C. sleep | D. study |

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|--------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| 3. A. couldn't | B. shouldn't | C. mustn't | D. needn't |
| 4. A. everything | B. something | C. anything | D. nothing |
| 5. A. after | B. as | C. until | D. when |
| 6. A. huge | B. small | C. handsome | D. ugly |
| 7. A. Why | B. What | C. How | D. Where |
| 8. A. running | B. climbing | C. dancing | D. touching |
| 9. A. noise | B. voice | C. sound | D. whisper |
| 10. A. across | B. through | C. inside | D. outside |
| 11. A. agreeing | B. staying | C. playing | D. talking |
| 12. A. too | B. either | C. also | D. instead |
| 13. A. failed | B. tried | C. managed | D. hurried |
| 14. A. looked down | B. fell down | C. sat down | D. went down |
| 15. A. moreover | B. however | C. otherwise | D. because |

(23-24 八年级下·江苏宿迁·期中) 阅读下面短文, 从 (A、B、C、D) 中, 选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

Zong Qinghou was the founder (创始人) of Hangzhou Wahaha Group. He was born in 1945 in wartime China. He grew up very poor in Hangzhou and often 1 hungry. His father lost his work, and his mother supported the family of five children as a factory worker.

“Because of the difficulty, as a child I had many 2 and hoped to make big money for my parents in return,” Zong said in a history book. As the 3 child, Zong left school after junior high to support his family and spent over ten years 4 different jobs, including hard physical work at a far-away farm.

In 1978, Zong returned to Hangzhou and spent the next ten years working as a 5. “My only dream at that time was to have my own company and do 6 I wanted to do, and I had been 7 such a chance,” he said in the history book. The chance finally came in 1987. Zong 8 140,000 yuan to start his own company, 9 ice pops and stationery to students at a nearby primary school.

The company, which would later 10 Wahaha, sold ice pops for a cent each. The company is privately owned. During his door-to-door sales, Zong learned that many children were picky (挑剔的) eaters and didn't 11 all the necessary nutrition (营养). That was a big 12 for parents. Seeing a potential (潜在的) chance, Zong

worked with a professor of nutrition to invent a vitamin 13 for children, called Wahaha Oral Liquid (口服液).

The product became a huge success. The company reached 14 100 million *yuan* in sales in the third year 15 it went on the market. That year, Zong founded the Hangzhou Wahaha Group after buying a failing canned food factory.

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|-------------------|------------------|---------------|----------------|
| 1. A. became | B. got | C. turned | D. went |
| 2. A. steps | B. dreams | C. plans | D. views |
| 3. A. eldest | B. oldest | C. smallest | D. youngest |
| 4. A. to do | B. do | C. did | D. doing |
| 5. A. policeman | B. postman | C. salesman | D. fireman |
| 6. A. who | B. which | C. what | D. how |
| 7. A. waiting for | B. providing for | C. asking for | D. looking for |
| 8. A. spent | B. borrowed | C. lent | D. cost |
| 9. A. selling | B. sending | C. giving | D. showing |
| 10. A. grow | B. change | C. become | D. make |
| 11. A. eat | B. drink | C. like | D. get |
| 12. A. question | B. headache | C. mistake | D. task |
| 13. A. meat | B. fruit | C. drink | D. snack |
| 14. A. almost | B. nearly | C. already | D. recently |
| 15. A. after | B. before | C. when | D. while |

(23-24 八年级下·江苏扬州·期中) Boris, a foreign student at Communication University of China, often shares his experiences of Chinese culture on his vlog (视频博客).

In one video, 1, Boris shared how he had learned the Chinese word *dongxi*. He 2 each part separately (分开地) into “east west”. And he introduced one 3 about how *dongxi* came to mean “things”. He told people that all marketplaces in 4 Chinese cities were set up (建立) along a single 5 that ran from east to west. So when you would say *qu mai dongxi*, you’d be saying, “I’m going to buy things.” Some other 6 show his reading Chinese poems and performing kung fu, which are quite welcome among his 40, 000 7.

Like many foreigners, Boris once 8 that all Chinese could do kung fu, flying onto roofs and walking over walls. Besides, he thought the country was not that developed. But after he went to study in China in 2019, his view

9. “China is developing quickly, but many people’s impressions of China are still stay in the 10,” Boris said.

“That’s why I started to shoot vlogs to 11 Chinese culture in 2019.”

Boris has posted more than 40 vlogs online. But making these vlogs is not 12. Take reading the poem *Second Farewell to Cambridge* by Xu Zhimo as an example. “I can understand and read every 13 in the poem,” Boris said. “But while reading, I need to use proper feelings to 14 readers.” So he needed to look for much background (背景) information and make his feelings suit each part of the poem.

Boris said that he wanted to keep 15 the differences between two cultures. “This goal may not be achieved easily, but I will try my best to do my part.”

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|--------------------|--------------|----------------|---------------|
| 1. A. in fact | B. of course | C. for example | D. so far |
| 2. A. turned | B. entered | C. returned | D. translated |
| 3. A. reason | B. way | C. subject | D. suggestion |
| 4. A. modern | B. old | C. well-known | D. developed |
| 5. A. road | B. building | C. bridge | D. block |
| 6. A. videos | B. books | C. interviews | D. pictures |
| 7. A. sisters | B. followers | C. classmates | D. friends |
| 8. A. noticed | B. wondered | C. believed | D. hoped |
| 9. A. failed | B. continued | C. fell | D. changed |
| 10. A. 1970s | B. 2020s | C. 2050s | D. 2300s |
| 11. A. enjoy | B. share | C. forget | D. renew |
| 12. A. interesting | B. difficult | C. expensive | D. easy |
| 13. A. novel | B. story | C. word | D. joke |
| 14. A. know | B. touch | C. understand | D. tell |
| 15. A. bridging | B. gathering | C. repairing | D. picking |

(23-24 八年级下·江苏泰州·期中) “Wanted: Violin. Can’t pay much. Call...”

That advertisement in the newspaper made me remember my childhood. I, too, had wanted a violin, 1 we didn’t have the money. Even though times were hard, I couldn’t wait any longer to ask. “Daddy, 2 I have a violin of mine?” Daddy’s face looked 3. But a few weeks later, Daddy went home, with a case in his hand, 4, “Mary, I found this second-hand violin for seven dollars.”

The day when I carried my violin to school for my first lesson, no one could know how 5 I was. I practised, joined the school orchestra (管弦乐队), gave performances... Several years seemed to run even quickly and I found 6 in the first violin chair. More years 7, and my violin made every move with me, until one day, I carefully 8 it away.

Now here for this wanted advertisement, I discovered the 9 deep in my closet (储藏室). I put it on the table. Then I picked up the violin, walked to the telephone and called by the 10.

Later in the day, a man of about 30 knocked 11 the door. "I've been expecting someone would 12 my advertisement. My daughter wants a violin so 13," he said, examining my violin. "How much are you asking?"

I said, "Seven dollars." "Are you sure?" he asked, as if he did not believe his 14. "Seven dollars," I said again and then added, "I hope your little girl will enjoy it 15 I did."

I smiled, but I found my tears rolling down my face.

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|-----------------|---------------|------------|-------------|
| 1. A. or | B. as | C. but | D. and |
| 2. A. may | B. need | C. must | D. should |
| 3. A. angry | B. sad | C. funny | D. happy |
| 4. A. answering | B. saying | C. asking | D. telling |
| 5. A. surprised | B. interested | C. amazed | D. excited |
| 6. A. itself | B. himself | C. myself | D. yourself |
| 7. A. lost | B. went | C. left | D. passed |
| 8. A. took | B. put | C. kept | D. threw |
| 9. A. box | B. book | C. table | D. case |
| 10. A. date | B. name | C. number | D. address |
| 11. A. at | B. in | C. over | D. down |
| 12. A. ask | B. answer | C. receive | D. find |
| 13. A. badly | B. easily | C. quickly | D. luckily |
| 14. A. hands | B. eyes | C. ears | D. feet |
| 15. A. after | B. while | C. as | D. Before |

(23-24 八年级下·江苏淮安·期中) 阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 然后从各题所给的四个选项中选出一个最佳答案。

The story happened during World War II. An old man lived in a small town of Germany. He had three sons and they all worked in the same factory where he had worked. After the war had begun, his sons were all made to 1 the army (军队) one after another and they all died in the fights. The old man was very 2 . He had 3 food to eat and was often hungry. And 4 helped him and he didn't know 5 to go in living.

It was a very cold 6 night. The old man 7 go to sleep. He had been hungry for two days and it was so 8 in his room that ice could be seen. He had to 9 and begun to run in the room 10 he lay down on the ground. The next morning he had to beg from door to door. He had been 11 a lot of cities and knew a lot. Once he came to a village, but the villagers were all 12 and couldn't give him anything. He was 13 hungry to go to another village. He thought 14 and found a way. He came to a 15 and called out, "Hitler (希特勒) is a foolish pig!"

An old policeman came out at once. He said, "Don't say in our village, sir!"

"I'm sorry, sir." said the old man. "I don't know it's Hitler's hometown."

"No, no, sir." The policeman said in a hurry. "It's pig's hometown!"

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|--------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| 1. A. join | B. join in | C. take part in | D. attend |
| 2. A. happy | B. sad | C. excited | D. surprised |
| 3. A. many | B. much | C. little | D. few |
| 4. A. somebody | B. anybody | C. everybody | D. nobody |
| 5. A. what | B. how | C. when | D. where |
| 6. A. spring | B. summer | C. autumn | D. winter |
| 7. A. couldn't | B. needn't | C. mustn't | D. wouldn't |
| 8. A. hot | B. cold | C. warm | D. cool |
| 9. A. get on | B. get off | C. get up | D. get away |
| 10. A. before | B. after | C. when | D. until |
| 11. A. in | B. to | C. on | D. at |
| 12. A. poor | B. rich | C. kind | D. friendly |
| 13. A. so | B. too | C. very | D. quite |
| 14. A. hard | B. hardly | C. careful | D. careless |
| 15. A. post office | B. railway station | C. police station | D. bus stop |

(23-24 八年级下·江苏南通·期中) 请认真阅读下面短文, 从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

When my sister's daughter Jessica was only six years old, she often spent her weekends with her grandmother and her uncle. One day, she came home from school sadly. It was her 1 at the weekly show to tell about her family, but her teacher's laughter at her show made her 2.

"I talked about Uncle Steve." Jessica cried in a low voice. "When I showed his 3 to the class, Mrs. Yates laughed at it."

Being only 4 years old at the time and the child of my mother's second marriage, Steve was more like a (n) 5 to Jessica than an uncle, truly her best buddy and partner. Jessica always chatted about Uncle Steve. It was 6 great surprise that she'd make him the topic of her show. What was a little more unclear was 7 Mrs. Yates would find his picture funny enough to make Jessica sad.

There was a parents' meeting at the end of the month. 8 meeting with Mrs. Yates and discussing Jessica's performance at school, my sister Lani smoothly turned the conversation around to her daughter's turn at the show. To my sister's surprise, the teacher couldn't stop 9 once again.

"Oh, Mrs. DeDeo," she laughed. "I had no idea Jessica was so 10, but I must explain my laughter. Every Monday when Jessica comes into school, she talks about her weekends spent with her grandmother and 11. She tells the other students how he sometimes 12 her, takes toys and steals (偷) her cookies. I was very shocked about that and 13 thinking about giving you a call to ask if you knew the situation. When she brought in a picture of Uncle Steve and shared it with the class, I was 14 to find a tall, strong and rude man. But when I saw a 15, fat-cheeked, three-year-old boy, I couldn't help laughing!"

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|----------------|------------|------------|---------------|
| 1. A. topic | B. title | C. turn | D. term |
| 2. A. sit | B. laugh | C. stand | D. cry |
| 3. A. story | B. picture | C. name | D. video |
| 4. A. three | B. four | C. five | D. six |
| 5. A. brother | B. sister | C. son | D. daughter |
| 6. A. any | B. some | C. much | D. no |
| 7. A. how | B. why | C. where | D. when |
| 8. A. Until | B. Before | C. After | D. By |
| 9. A. laughing | B. singing | C. talking | D. discussing |

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|------------------|--------------|------------|-------------|
| 10. A. friendly | B. nervous | C. sad | D. afraid |
| 11. A. father | B. uncle | C. brother | D. cousin |
| 12. A. hits | B. feeds | C. saves | D. teaches |
| 13. A. seriously | B. mainly | C. bravely | D. easily |
| 14. A. choosing | B. expecting | C. turning | D. planning |
| 15. A. careless | B. rude | C. sweet | D. polite |

(23-24 八年级下·江苏连云港·期中) Lily is 9 years old. She is a cheerful girl. She always has a big smile 1 her face. She is willing to help others any time. Everyone around 2 likes to make friends with her.

One day, she 3 an old man named Grumble sitting beside a river. The old man looked sad. Lily wanted to make him 4, so she walked up to him with a friendly greeting. “Good morning, Mr. Grumble! Why the 5 face?” she asked.

Grumble said, “What’s there to be happy about, young one? Life is full of 6.” Lily laughed and replied, “They are like big and scary thunderclouds (雷雨云), Mr. Grumble. But just like clouds, they pass, making way for the sun to shine again. You 7 try looking on the bright side!”

Lily made a bet with Grumble, saying, “I bet I can make you happy by the end of the 8.” Grumble challenged her, “You’re welcome to try, but it won’t be easy.” “I believe I can make it. Trust me!” Lily smiled and said confidently.

For the rest of the day, Lily did all kinds of funny and silly things to make Grumble cheerful. She told jokes, sang like 9 was watching, and even made faces. 10, Grumble was still unhappy. As the sun began to set, Lily decided to give it one 11 try. She took a deep breath and broke into a joyous dance.

12, Grumble couldn’t help it. He let out a chuckle (咯咯笑声), and then another. Before he knew it, he was laughing heartily, his sadness giving way to happiness. Lily had won the contest, but more importantly, she showed Grumble that becoming cheerful was not 13.

Happiness is a choice, and we can find 14 when we choose to see the brighter side of life. So, always 15 smiling. Everything will be OK if we smile at it.

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|--------------|-------------|------------|----------|
| 1. A. in | B. on | C. at | D. of |
| 2. A. she | B. her | C. hers | D. him |
| 3. A. looked | B. listened | C. noticed | D. heard |

- | | | | |
|------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|
| 4. A. smiles | B. smiling | C. to smile | D. smile |
| 5. A. long | B. small | C. round | D. square |
| 6. A. happiness | B. sadness | C. troubles | D. laughter |
| 7. A. should | B. might | C. can | D. would |
| 8. A. day | B. week | C. month | D. year |
| 9. A. somebody | B. anybody | C. nobody | D. everybody |
| 10. A. So | B. And | C. However | D. But |
| 11. A. first | B. second | C. third | D. last |
| 12. A. Certainly | B. Surprisingly | C. Sadly | D. Unluckily |
| 13. A. easy | B. important | C. difficult | D. necessary |
| 14. A. this | B. that | C. it | D. one |
| 15. A. remember | B. forget | C. stop | D. keep |

(23-24 八年级下·江苏南通·期中) 请认真阅读下面短文，从短文后各题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中，选出最佳选项，并在答题卡上将该项涂黑。

Hello, I am Maggie and I am a big red maple tree (枫树) in the center of Central Park in New York. Every part of me looks 1. I love seeing all the people stop, stare at me, and say “That tree is beautiful”. Those 2 make me feel special.

One noon, I see a 3 head my way. I can hear all the frightening sounds nearing, but the most frightening one is the sound of almost half of my bark (树皮) being torn off (撕掉). I feel 4. What will people think when they walk up to a worn-down tree in the 5 of Central Park? Will they hate me and cut me down? These thoughts make my branches ache. The wind is blowing hard and the rain is falling heavily. I am crying 6 I am not so beautiful as I used to be.

About five hours later, when the strong wind and the heavy rain die down, a nice opossum family come to me and ask if they can spend the 7 in one of my holes. The baby opossum is so cute that I can't 8. Soon, round two of the storm comes. It 9 another part of my bark, 10 it doesn't worry me so much as I have a distraction (分散注意力的事物)—the opossum family. Other animals see my 11 act and come to me, too. Even though I feel great for 12 all the animals, I still haven't completely forgotten about what people might think about my 13. Instead of cutting me down, people 14 me even more for sheltering all those animals from the terrible

weather. I 15 understand that “beautiful” can refer to more than just physical appearance. It can describe qualities such as kindness, intelligence, or the way something makes you feel. Beauty is subjective and can be found in many different things, not just in looks.

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|------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. A. straight | B. perfect | C. active | D. colourful |
| 2. A. noises | B. trees | C. answers | D. words |
| 3. A. wind | B. rain | C. storm | D. fog |
| 4. A. angry | B. worried | C. bored | D. surprised |
| 5. A. front | B. corner | C. middle | D. back |
| 6. A. while | B. since | C. until | D. if |
| 7. A. morning | B. noon | C. night | D. holiday |
| 8. A. reply | B. record | C. report | D. refuse |
| 9. A. picks out | B. looks for | C. falls into | D. tears off |
| 10. A. but | B. and | C. so | D. or |
| 11. A. warm | B. sudden | C. cold | D. strange |
| 12. A. feeding | B. fighting | C. catching | D. protecting |
| 13. A. qualities | B. looks | C. duties | D. abilities |
| 14. A. love | B. know | C. water | D. help |
| 15. A. sometimes | B. always | C. finally | D. hardly |

(23-24 八年级下·江苏盐城·期中) Mario Vieira is a Michelin chef (米其林厨师) from Germany. He has been to many 1, including Italy, France and Australia. And finally he 2 to work and live in Changsha, Hunan Province, China.

He runs a Western 3 in Yanghu Wetland Park and people like the food there. “When I was little, I liked 4 something different in the kitchen and wanted to be a chef,” Vieira said. “I have been working in Changsha 5 15 years,” he said. “When I first came here, I liked the city very much, 6 the local people who gave me a warm welcome. I didn’t speak Chinese at that time, but all the people were 7.”

Vieira felt 8 in Changsha. “I am lucky. I have many friends and old customers. 9 always follow me,” he said. “I have customers 10 drive three hours to come here and then drive three hours home.”

In the past 15 years, the German has seen great 11 of the city. Tall buildings have been built quickly;

many beautiful gardens have been 12 and people can enjoy colourful flowers. “Changsha is totally 13 from the past,” he said.

“I 14 my wife here. Our son was born here and now he is studying here. My business and my friends are here. China has become my second 15,” he said.

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|------------------|---------------|-------------|--------------|
| 1. A. cities | B. towns | C. islands | D. countries |
| 2. A. refused | B. regretted | C. decided | D. forgot |
| 3. A. restaurant | B. university | C. factory | D. hospital |
| 4. A. writing | B. planting | C. building | D. cooking |
| 5. A. as | B. after | C. for | D. until |
| 6. A. especially | B. completely | C. healthy | D. suddenly |
| 7. A. strict | B. friendly | C. strange | D. serious |
| 8. A. nervous | B. happy | C. healthy | D. hard |
| 9. A. He | B. You | C. They | D. She |
| 10. A. who | B. what | C. whose | D. when |
| 11. A. tests | B. sides | C. choices | D. changes |
| 12. A. taken off | B. taken up | C. set up | D. set out |
| 13. A. different | B. famous | C. lovely | D. special |
| 14. A. showed | B. met | C. checked | D. left |
| 15. A. mountain | B. village | C. area | D. hometown |

(23-24 八年级下·江苏盐城·期中) Andy was throwing an empty box when a woman and her daughter ran over.

“You smell 1!” Andy said to the woman.

The woman said, “I just want you to 2 me the box. It’s how my daughter and I survive (生存)” “But it’s just trash (垃圾),” said Andy.

“One person’s trash is another person’s 3,” the woman said, reaching out her hand, “Can I have it?”

“4 you want it, just take it out of the trash bin by yourself,” Andy replied 5. Then he threw the box and walked towards his mother’s car. The woman didn’t say anything and took the box.

Andy told his mother about the dirty woman. His mother said in a 6 voice, “Andy, not everyone has good

7_. Your father left us when you were two years old. We lived a hard life. I couldn't find a 8_, so we had to live on the streets. One day, I met a lady and she 9_ me to make money by recycling boxes. I 10_ her advice and our life changed after that."

Hearing this, Andy got out of the car and 11_ to the lady. "I am sorry for what I did. You're right. One person's trash is another person's treasure." Then his mother came over and was 12_ to find the woman was just the lady who helped them out of trouble a few years ago. She said to the woman with 13_, "You did so much for us. It's my turn to 14_ you. I would like you and your daughter to come and stay with us." The girl and her mother were moved to tears.

There are always some people who give us unexpected 15_. So wherever we are, be kind to people around us.

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|-----------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| 1. A. sweet | B. terrible | C. nice | D. smoky |
| 2. A. give | B. buy | C. lend | D. show |
| 3. A. power | B. treasure | C. pride | D. support |
| 4. A. Unless | B. Though | C. If | D. Before |
| 5. A. hopefully | B. gladly | C. impolitely | D. nervously |
| 6. A. soft | B. cold | C. funny | D. strange |
| 7. A. fame | B. luck | C. nature | D. behavior |
| 8. A. reason | B. job | C. dream | D. hobby |
| 9. A. sent | B. needed | C. advised | D. allowed |
| 10. A. followed | B. checked | C. questioned | D. forgot |
| 11. A. jumped | B. climbed | C. rode | D. rushed |
| 12. A. worried | B. afraid | C. surprised | D. relaxed |
| 13. A. fear | B. joy | C. sadness | D. interest |
| 14. A. teach | B. help | C. praise | D. understand |
| 15. A. pleasure | B. success | C. pride | D. warmth |

(23-24 八年级下·江苏连云港·期中) 阅读下面短文, 掌握其大意, 从每题所给的 A、B、C、D 四个选项中, 选出最佳选项。

During the Jin dynasty, there were two men who were crazy about knowledge but too poor. They both tried

their best to find the way to study and finally became successful.

One man was Che Yin. His parents were too 1 to buy lamp oil (油) for him to read at night. So he could only read books during the day. One summer night, he 2 noticed many fireflies (萤火虫) flying low around. The light shone here and there 3 little stars. "If many fireflies could be gathered, they might be like a lamp!" the smart boy 4 to himself. He found a white silk bag, caught as many fireflies as he could, and put it up. He was 5 to find he could read in the light.

After that, as long as there were fireflies at night, he would 6 some in a bag to make a light.

The other man was Sun Kang. Born in a poor family too, he couldn't 7 to buy oil for the lamp. So when 8 was gone, he was not able to continue reading. That troubled him a lot. He was always thinking about 9 to read at night, even in his dreams.

On a 10 night, he woke up from his sleep and saw that there was light coming from the crack (缝隙) in the window. As he 11 the window, he found that it was moonlight reflected (反射) from the snow. He was also surprised when he realized that the light was bright enough for 12 to read by. He got dressed at once and took a book outside. It was very cold in the open air, 13 he was still reading carefully. Sometimes when he was too 14 in the snow, he would jog around a little.

From then on, he didn't miss any night when there was a bright reflected light from 15.

Now, the idiom is often used to praise those who keep studying and learning in difficult conditions.

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|---------------|------------|-------------|------------|
| 1. A. rich | B. poor | C. busy | D. kind |
| 2. A. finally | B. exactly | C. suddenly | D. nearly |
| 3. A. as | B. with | C. from | D. like |
| 4. A. thought | B. bought | C. taught | D. caught |
| 5. A. nervous | B. happy | C. angry | D. serious |
| 6. A. raise | B. design | C. borrow | D. collect |
| 7. A. afford | B. provide | C. agree | D. protect |
| 8. A. money | B. time | C. daylight | D. wind |
| 9. A. when | B. how | C. who | D. which |
| 10. A. spring | B. summer | C. autumn | D. winter |
| 11. A. opened | B. cleaned | C. closed | D. broke |
| 12. A. her | B. them | C. it | D. him |

